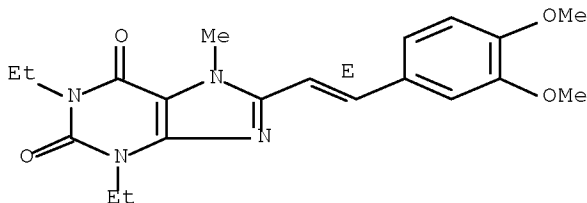


E ISTRADefylline/CN

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
RN 155270-99-8 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 24 May 1994
CN 1H-Purine-2,6-dione, 8-[(1E)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1,3-diethyl-
3,7-dihydro-7-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1H-Purine-2,6-dione, 8-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1,3-diethyl-3,7-
dihydro-7-methyl-, (E)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN Istradefylline
CN KW 6002
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C20 H24 N4 O4
CI COM
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CIN, EMBASE, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH,
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PROMT, PROUSDDR, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER,
USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.



SET EXPAND CONTINUOUS
L1 1 S E3

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:10:43 ON 19 MAR 2010
L2 113 S L1
L3 5 S L2 AND (ADENOSINE A1?)
L4 1 S L3 AND (PY<=2004 OR AY<=2004 OR PRY<=2004)

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
TI Adenosine A2A receptors modify motor function in MPTP-treated common marmosets
AB Both adenosine A1 and A2 receptor populations are located in the striatum and can modify locomotor activity, and they may form a therapeutic target for Parkinson's disease (PD). Administration

of the selective adenosine A2A antagonist (E)-1,3-diethyl-8-(3,4-dimethoxystyryl)-7-methyl-3,7-dihydro-1H-purine-2,6-dione (KW-6002) to MPTP-treated common marmosets increased locomotor activity. In contrast, administration of the selective A1 receptor antagonist 1,3-dipropyl-8-cyclopentylxanthine (DPCPX) had no effect on locomotion. Administration of the adenosine A2A receptor agonist 2-[p-[2-(2-aminoethylamino) carbonylethyl] phenethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine (APEC) dose dependently suppressed basal locomotor activity. A minimally ED of APEC (0.62 mg/kg, i.p) completely reversed the increase in locomotor activity produced by administration of KW-6002. The adenosine A2A receptor appears to be an important target for the treatment of basal ganglia disorders, particularly PD.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:644563 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:33316
TITLE: Adenosine A2A receptors modify motor function
in MPTP-treated common marmosets
AUTHOR(S): Kanda, Tomoyuki; Tashiro, Tomomi; Kuwana,
Yoshihisa; Jenner, Peter
CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Kyowa Hakko
Kogyo Co Ltd, Shizuoka, 411-8731, Japan
SOURCE: NeuroReport (1998), 9(12), 2857-2860
CODEN: NERPEZ; ISSN: 0959-4965
PUBLISHER: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
CC 2-8 (Mammalian Hormones)
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 14
IT 155270-99-8
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
study); USES
(Uses)
(adenosine A2A receptors modify motor function in MPTP-treated
common marmoset Parkinsonism model)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:12:47 ON 19 MAR 2010

L5 1 S US 20070161663/PN
L6 1 S L2 AND ANALGESICS/IT

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
TI Inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
receptor antagonists
AB Disclosed is an agent for inhibiting an undesirable activity of an
opioid-type analgesic agent (opioid), which comprises a compound
having an antagonistic activity on an adenosine A2A receptor or a
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
The undesirable activity of the opioid-type analgesic agent
(opioid) may be analgesic tolerance or constipation. The
undesirable activity of the opioid-type analgesic agent (opioid)

may be analgesic tolerance. An analgesic agent containing
adenosine A2A receptor antagonist and an opioid is also disclosed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:1503880 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 152:27370
TITLE: Inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing
adenosine A2A receptor antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Ouchi, Jun; Kunori, Shunji; Kojima, Yozo;
Shinoda,
Katsumi; Sasaki, Katsutoshi; Shirakura, Shiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kirin Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 125pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2009145289	A1	20091203	WO 2009-JP59845	
20090529				
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2008-141178	A
20080529			JP 2008-302783	A
20081127				
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 152:27370			
CC	1-11 (Pharmacology)			
	Section cross-reference(s): 63			
ST	adenosine A2A receptor antagonist opioid analgesic tolerance inhibitor			
IT	Adenosine receptors			
	RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (A2A; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)			

IT Drug tolerance
 Opium
 Pain
 Pharmaceutical injections
 Pharmaceutical tablets
 (inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
 receptor antagonists)

IT Enkephalins
 Opioids
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
 receptor antagonists)

IT Alkaloids
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (opium, hydrochlorides; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance
 containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT Constipation
 (prevention; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing
 adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT 50-36-2, Cocaine 57-27-2, Morphine, biological studies 57-42-
 1,
 Meperidine 62-67-9, Nalorphine 64-39-1, Promedol 76-41-5,
 Oxymorphone 76-42-6, Oxycodone 76-57-3, Codeine 76-58-4,
 Ethylmorphine 76-99-3, Methadone 77-07-6, Levorphanol 77-14-
 5,
 Propheptazine 77-15-6, Ethoheptazine 77-20-3 125-28-0,
 Dihydrocodeine 125-29-1, Hydrocodone 127-35-5, Phenazocine
 131-28-2,
 Narceine 143-52-2, Metopon 144-14-9, Anileridine 152-02-3,
 Levallorphan 302-41-0, Piritramide 357-56-2, Dextromoramide
 359-83-1, Pentazocine 427-00-9, Desomorphine 437-38-7,
 Fentanyl
 441-61-2, Ethylmethylthiambutene 466-40-0, Isomethadone 466-
 97-7,
 Normorphine 466-99-9, Hydromorphone 467-18-5, Myrophine 467-
 83-4,
 Dipipanone 467-84-5, Phenadoxone 467-85-6, Normethadone 467-
 86-7,
 Dioxaphetylbutyrate 468-07-5, Phenomorphan 468-56-4,
 Hydroxypethidine
 469-62-5, Propoxyphene 469-79-4, Ketobemidone 509-60-4,
 Dihydromorphone 509-78-4, Dimenoxadol 524-84-5,
 Dimethylthiambutene
 545-90-4, Dimepheptanol 561-27-3, Diamorphine 561-48-8,
 Norpipanone
 561-76-2, Properidine 562-26-5, Phenoperidine 639-48-5,
 Nicomorphine
 911-65-9, Etonitazene 1531-12-0, NorLevorphanol 3734-52-9,
 Metazocine
 3861-76-5, Clonitazene 13495-09-5, Piminodine 14297-87-1,
 Benzylmorphine 15301-48-1, Bezitramide 20594-83-6, Nalbuphine
 25384-17-2, Allylprodine 27203-92-5, Tramadol 42408-82-2,
 Butorphanol

51931-66-9, Tilidine 52485-79-7, Buprenorphine 54340-58-8,
Meptazinol
56030-54-7, Sufentanil 60118-07-2, Endorphin 71195-58-9,
Alfentanil
72522-13-5, Eptazocine 74913-18-1, Dynorphin 132875-61-7,
Remifentanil
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)

(inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
receptor antagonists)
IT 141807-96-7 155270-99-8 262452-04-0 377727-87-2
442908-10-3 443148-65-0 496955-42-1 881028-95-1 1198288-
75-3

1198288-76-4 1198288-77-5
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
receptor antagonists)
REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
TI Super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups for health and method
AB Novel health-benefiting super-sweet sugar crystals and super-sweet
sugar syrups and super-sweet molasses are obtained by mixing
saturated sugar liquor with at least one high-intensity sweetener
and boiling under vacuum until crystals begin to form. The
supersweet massecuite is transferred to centrifuges to form a
molasses syrup and sugar crystals. Thus, a product containing
99.52% sucrose and 0.48% steviaside extract is 3 times sweeter
than regular sugar and has application in dietetic food.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:72174 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:143548
TITLE: Super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups for
health and

method
INVENTOR(S): Badalov, Constantin
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	----

US 20080014331	A1	20080117	US 2006-487933	
20060717				
CA 2559222	A1	20080117	CA 2006-2559222	
20060912				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2006-487933	A
20060717				

INCL 426658000
CC 17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 44, 63
IT Aging, animal
Agropyron
Alcoholism
Analgesics
Angelica sinensis
Antiarthritics
Antidepressants
Antidiabetic agents
Antihypertensives
Antiobesity agents
Antiosteoporotic agents
Antioxidants
Antitumor agents
Appetite depressants
Bakery products
Breakfast cereal
Butter
Candy
Carthamus tinctorius
Centella asiatica
Cheese
Chewing gum
Chocolate
Cocoa products
Coffee products
Cola (plant)
Commiphora abyssinica
Common cold
Corn chips
Dairy products
Dental caries
Dietary supplements
Digestion, biological
Drug delivery systems
Drug dependence
Echinacea
Egg white
Ephedra
Eucalyptus
Foeniculum vulgare
Food additives
Fruit and vegetable juices
Garcinia gummi-gutta
Gentiana
Ginkgo biloba
Glycyrrhiza
Headache
Heart disease
Hepatitis C virus
Honey
Human
Human immunodeficiency virus
Humulus lupulus
Hypericum

Hypertension
 Ice cream
 Ilex paraguariensis
 Influenza
 Lobelia
 Malt
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Medicago sativa
 Mentha piperita
 Molasses
 Muscle
 Nepeta cataria
 Nut (seed)
 Passiflora
 Paullinia cupana
 Pneumovirus
 Potato chips
 Puddings
 SARS coronavirus
 Safflower
 Schisandra
 Scutellaria
 Seaweed
 Siraitia grosvenorii
 Skin
 Smilax
 Snack food
 Soybean products
 Spirulina
 Sweetening agents
 Sweetness
 Trifolium pratense
 Ulmus rubra
 Vaccinium myrtillus
 Wheat flour
 Zingiber officinale
 (super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups supplemented with high-
 intensity
 sweeteners for food and health products)
 IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 50-81-7, Vitamin C,
 biological
 studies 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological studies 53-43-0,
 Dehydroepiandrosterone 56-12-2, biological studies 56-65-5,
 Adenosine
 triphosphate, biological studies 56-69-9, 5HTP 56-85-9, L-
 Glutamine,
 biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 56-
 89-3,
 L-Cystine, biological studies 57-48-7, Fructose, biological
 studies
 58-08-2, Guaranine, biological studies 58-55-9, Theophylline,
 biological
 studies 58-63-9, Inosine 58-85-5, Biotin 59-30-3, Folic
 Acid,
 biological studies 59-43-8, Vitamin B1, biological studies 60-
 18-4,
 L-Tyrosine, biological studies 62-49-7, Choline 63-68-3, L-

Methionine,
 biological studies 63-68-3D, L-Methionine, derivs. 63-91-2,
 L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 68-19-9, Vitamin B12 69-
 65-8,
 Mannitol 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 70-26-8, L-
 Ornithine
 73-31-4, Melatonin 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 79-
 83-4,
 Pantothenic Acid 81-07-2, Saccharin 83-67-0, Theobromine 83-
 88-5,
 Vitamin B2, biological studies 87-89-8, Inositol 87-99-0,
 Xylitol
 98-92-0, Niacinamide 100-88-9, Cyclamate 107-35-7, Taurine
 121-33-5,
 Vanillin 138-52-3, Salicin 149-32-6, Erythritol 303-98-0,
 Coenzyme
 Q10 541-15-1, L-Carnitine 585-86-4, Lactitol 585-88-6,
 Maltitol
 616-91-1, N-Acetylcysteine 1200-22-2, α -Lipoic Acid 1405-86-3,
 Glycyrrhizin 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7235-
 40-7,
 β -Carotene 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-93-2,
 Lithium, biological studies 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological
 studies
 7440-09-7, Potassium, biological studies 7440-42-8, Boron,
 biological
 studies 7440-47-3, Chromium, biological studies 7440-50-8,
 Copper,
 biological studies 7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies 7440-
 70-2,
 Calcium, biological studies 7782-49-2, Selenium, biological
 studies
 8049-47-6, Pancreatin 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6 9000-69-5, Pectin
 9001-73-4, Papain 9002-18-0, Agar 9005-80-5, Inulin 9012-76-
 4,
 Chitosan 9054-89-1, Superoxide Dismutase 11103-57-4, Vitamin A
 12001-76-2, Vitamin B 14639-25-9, Chromium picolinate 17598-
 81-1,
 Tagatose 22839-47-0, Aspartame 27750-10-3, Hydroxycitric Acid
 29908-03-0 55589-62-3, Acesulfame Potassium 56038-13-2,
 Sucralose
 56996-83-9, Phaseolamin 57817-89-7, Stevioside 58543-16-1,
 Rebaudioside A 80863-62-3, Alitame 121250-47-3, Conjugated
 linoleic
 acid 139180-30-6, ZM 241385 150977-36-9, Bromelain
 155270-99-8, KW 6002 160098-96-4, SCH 58261 165450-17-9,
 Neotame 174882-69-0, Pycnogenol 1001401-75-7, Citrose
 RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups supplemented with high-
 intensity
 sweeteners for food and health products)

L8

2 S L2 AND ANALGES?

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

TI Inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
receptor antagonistsAB Disclosed is an agent for inhibiting an undesirable activity of an
opioid-type analgesic agent (opioid), which comprises a compound
having an antagonistic activity on an adenosine A2A receptor or a
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
The undesirable activity of the opioid-type analgesic agent
(opioid) may be analgesic tolerance or constipation. The
undesirable activity of the opioid-type analgesic agent (opioid)
may be analgesic tolerance. An analgesic agent containing
adenosine A2A receptor antagonist and an opioid is also disclosed.ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:1503880 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 152:27370

TITLE: Inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing
adenosine A2A receptor antagonistsINVENTOR(S): Ouchi, Jun; Kunori, Shunji; Kojima, Yozo;
Shinoda,

Katsumi; Sasaki, Katsutoshi; Shirakura, Shiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kirin Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 125pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	----
WO 2009145289	A1	20091203	WO 2009-JP59845	
20090529				
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW,			
BY, BZ,	CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE,			
EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,			
JP, KE,	KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY,			
MA, MD,	ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM,			
PG, PH,	PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV,			
SY, TJ,	TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,			
HR, HU,	IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO,			
SE, SI,	SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,			
NE, SN,	TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ,			
UG, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		JP 2008-141178		A

20080529

JP 2008-302783 A

20081127

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 152:27370

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

ST adenosine A2A receptor antagonist opioid analgesic tolerance inhibitor

IT Adenosine receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (A2A; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT Drug tolerance

Opium

Pain

Pharmaceutical injections

Pharmaceutical tablets

(inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT Enkephalins

Opioids

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)

(inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT Alkaloids

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)

(opium, hydrochlorides; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT Constipation

(prevention; inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A receptor antagonists)

IT 50-36-2, Cocaine 57-27-2, Morphine, biological studies 57-42-1,

Meperidine 62-67-9, Nalorphine 64-39-1, Promedol 76-41-5, Oxymorphone 76-42-6, Oxycodone 76-57-3, Codeine 76-58-4, Ethylmorphine 76-99-3, Methadone 77-07-6, Levorphanol 77-14-

5,

Propheptazine 77-15-6, Ethoheptazine 77-20-3 125-28-0, Dihydrocodeine 125-29-1, Hydrocodone 127-35-5, Phenazocine

131-28-2,

Narceine 143-52-2, Metopon 144-14-9, Anileridine 152-02-3, Levallorphan 302-41-0, Piritramide 357-56-2, Dextromoramide 359-83-1, Pentazocine 427-00-9, Desomorphine 437-38-7,

Fentanyl

441-61-2, Ethylmethythiambutene 466-40-0, Isomethadone 466-

97-7,

Normorphine 466-99-9, Hydromorphone 467-18-5, Myrophine 467-

83-4,

Dipipanone 467-84-5, Phenadoxone 467-85-6, Normethadone 467-

86-7,

Dioxaphetylbutyrate 468-07-5, Phenomorphan 468-56-4,

Hydroxypethidine

469-62-5, Propoxyphene 469-79-4, Ketobemidone 509-60-4,

Dihydromorphine 509-78-4, Dimenoxadol 524-84-5,
 Dimethylthiambutene
 545-90-4, Dimepheptanol 561-27-3, Diamorphine 561-48-8,
 Norpipanone
 561-76-2, Properidine 562-26-5, Phenoperidine 639-48-5,
 Nicomorphine
 911-65-9, Etonitazene 1531-12-0, NorLevorphanol 3734-52-9,
 Metazocine
 3861-76-5, Clonitazene 13495-09-5, Piminodine 14297-87-1,
 Benzylmorphine 15301-48-1, Bezitramide 20594-83-6, Nalbuphine
 25384-17-2, Allylprodine 27203-92-5, Tramadol 42408-82-2,
 Butorphanol
 51931-66-9, Tilidine 52485-79-7, Buprenorphine 54340-58-8,
 Meptazinol
 56030-54-7, Sufentanil 60118-07-2, Endorphin 71195-58-9,
 Alfentanil
 72522-13-5, Eptazocine 74913-18-1, Dynorphin 132875-61-7,
 Remifentanil
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
 receptor antagonists)
 IT 141807-96-7 155270-99-8 262452-04-0 377727-87-2
 442908-10-3 443148-65-0 496955-42-1 881028-95-1 1198288-
 75-3
 1198288-76-4 1198288-77-5
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (inhibitor of analgesic tolerance containing adenosine A2A
 receptor antagonists)

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
 FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
 RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 TI Super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups for health and method
 AB Novel health-benefiting super-sweet sugar crystals and super-sweet
 sugar syrups and super-sweet molasses are obtained by mixing
 saturated sugar liquor with at least one high-intensity sweetener
 and boiling under vacuum until crystals begin to form. The
 supersweet massecuite is transferred to centrifuges to form a
 molasses syrup and sugar crystals. Thus, a product containing
 99.52% sucrose and 0.48% steviaside extract is 3 times sweeter
 than regular sugar and has application in dietetic food.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:72174 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:143548
 TITLE: Super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups for
 health and

method
 INVENTOR(S): Badalov, Constantin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO. -----	KIND ----	DATE -----	APPLICATION NO. -----	DATE -----

20060717	US 20080014331	A1	20080117	US 2006-487933	
20060912	CA 2559222	A1	20080117	CA 2006-2559222	
	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2006-487933	A
	20060717				
	INCL 426658000				
CC	17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)				
	Section cross-reference(s): 44, 63				
IT	Aging, animal				
	Agropyron				
	Alcoholism				
	Analgesics				
	Angelica sinensis				
	Antiarthritics				
	Antidepressants				
	Antidiabetic agents				
	Antihypertensives				
	Antiobesity agents				
	Antiosteoporotic agents				
	Antioxidants				
	Antitumor agents				
	Appetite depressants				
	Bakery products				
	Breakfast cereal				
	Butter				
	Candy				
	Carthamus tinctorius				
	Centella asiatica				
	Cheese				
	Chewing gum				
	Chocolate				
	Cocoa products				
	Coffee products				
	Cola (plant)				
	Commiphora abyssinica				
	Common cold				
	Corn chips				
	Dairy products				
	Dental caries				
	Dietary supplements				
	Digestion, biological				
	Drug delivery systems				
	Drug dependence				
	Echinacea				
	Egg white				
	Ephedra				
	Eucalyptus				
	Foeniculum vulgare				
	Food additives				
	Fruit and vegetable juices				

Garcinia gummi-gutta
 Gentiana
 Ginkgo biloba
 Glycyrrhiza
 Headache
 Heart disease
 Hepatitis C virus
 Honey
 Human
 Human immunodeficiency virus
 Humulus lupulus
 Hypericum
 Hypertension
 Ice cream
 Ilex paraguariensis
 Influenza
 Lobelia
 Malt
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Medicago sativa
 Mentha piperita
 Molasses
 Muscle
 Nepeta cataria
 Nut (seed)
 Passiflora
 Paullinia cupana
 Pneumovirus
 Potato chips
 Puddings
 SARS coronavirus
 Safflower
 Schisandra
 Scutellaria
 Seaweed
 Siraitia grosvenorii
 Skin
 Smilax
 Snack food
 Soybean products
 Spirulina
 Sweetening agents
 Sweetness
 Trifolium pratense
 Ulmus rubra
 Vaccinium myrtillus
 Wheat flour
 Zingiber officinale
 (super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups supplemented with high-
 intensity
 sweeteners for food and health products)
 IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 50-81-7, Vitamin C,
 biological
 studies 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological studies 53-43-0,
 Dehydroepiandrosterone 56-12-2, biological studies 56-65-5,
 Adenosine
 triphosphate, biological studies 56-69-9, 5HTP 56-85-9, L-

Glutamine,
 biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 56-
 89-3,
 L-Cystine, biological studies 57-48-7, Fructose, biological
 studies
 58-08-2, Guaranine, biological studies 58-55-9, Theophylline,
 biological
 studies 58-63-9, Inosine 58-85-5, Biotin 59-30-3, Folic
 Acid,
 biological studies 59-43-8, Vitamin B1, biological studies 60-
 18-4,
 L-Tyrosine, biological studies 62-49-7, Choline 63-68-3, L-
 Methionine,
 biological studies 63-68-3D, L-Methionine, derivs. 63-91-2,
 L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 68-19-9, Vitamin B12 69-
 65-8,
 Mannitol 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 70-26-8, L-
 Ornithine
 73-31-4, Melatonin 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 79-
 83-4,
 Pantothenic Acid 81-07-2, Saccharin 83-67-0, Theobromine 83-
 88-5,
 Vitamin B2, biological studies 87-89-8, Inositol 87-99-0,
 Xylitol
 98-92-0, Niacinamide 100-88-9, Cyclamate 107-35-7, Taurine
 121-33-5,
 Vanillin 138-52-3, Salicin 149-32-6, Erythritol 303-98-0,
 Coenzyme
 Q10 541-15-1, L-Carnitine 585-86-4, Lactitol 585-88-6,
 Maltitol
 616-91-1, N-Acetylcysteine 1200-22-2, α -Lipoic Acid 1405-86-3,
 Glycyrrhizin 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7235-
 40-7,
 β -Carotene 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-93-2,
 Lithium, biological studies 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological
 studies
 7440-09-7, Potassium, biological studies 7440-42-8, Boron,
 biological
 studies 7440-47-3, Chromium, biological studies 7440-50-8,
 Copper,
 biological studies 7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies 7440-
 70-2,
 Calcium, biological studies 7782-49-2, Selenium, biological
 studies
 8049-47-6, Pancreatin 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6 9000-69-5, Pectin
 9001-73-4, Papain 9002-18-0, Agar 9005-80-5, Inulin 9012-76-
 4,
 Chitosan 9054-89-1, Superoxide Dismutase 11103-57-4, Vitamin A
 12001-76-2, Vitamin B 14639-25-9, Chromium picolinate 17598-
 81-1,
 Tagatose 22839-47-0, Aspartame 27750-10-3, Hydroxycitric Acid
 29908-03-0 55589-62-3, Acesulfame Potassium 56038-13-2,
 Sucralose
 56996-83-9, Phaseolamin 57817-89-7, Stevioside 58543-16-1,
 Rebaudioside A 80863-62-3, Alitame 121250-47-3, Conjugated
 linoleic

acid 139180-30-6, ZM 241385 150977-36-9, Bromelain
155270-99-8, KW 6002 160098-96-4, SCH 58261 165450-17-9,
Neotame 174882-69-0, Pycnogenol 1001401-75-7, Citrose
RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological
study); USES (Uses)
(super-sweet sugar crystals and syrups supplemented with high-
intensity
sweeteners for food and health products)

L9 19 S L2 AND A1?
L10 5 S L9 AND (PY<=2004 OR AY<=2004 OR PRY<=2004)
E TAKEUCHI MEGUMI?/AU
L11 38 S E14,E16
L12 0 S L11 AND L2
L13 1 S L11 AND (MIGRAINE OR ANALGES?)
E TAKAYAMA MAKOTO?/AU
L14 32 S E26
L15 1 S L14 AND (MIGRAINE OR ANALGES?)
L16 0 S L15 NOT L13
L17 0 S L15 AND A1?
E SHIRAKURA SHIRO?/AU
L18 38 S E38
L19 8 S L18 AND (MIGRAINE OR ANALGES?)
L20 7 S L19 NOT L13
E KASE HIROSHI?/AU
L21 236 S E50
L22 2 S L21 AND (MIGRAINE OR ANALGES?)
L23 1 S L22 NOT L13

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:22:05 ON 19 MAR 2010
L24 1 S 58-61-7/RN
SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY
SET NOTICE LOGIN DISPLAY

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:22:17 ON 19 MAR 2010
L25 1 S 9026-93-1/RN
SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY
SET NOTICE LOGIN DISPLAY

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:22:33 ON 19 MAR 2010
L26 1 S 9027-72-9/RN
SET NOTICE 1 DISPLAY
SET NOTICE LOGIN DISPLAY